

※注意※

試験開始から10分後にリスニングテストを始めます。それまでに $\boxed{1}$ の問題に目を通して、 $\boxed{2}$ 以降の問題を解いておきなさい。

$\boxed{1}$  リスニング問題 問題は問1～問3まであります。

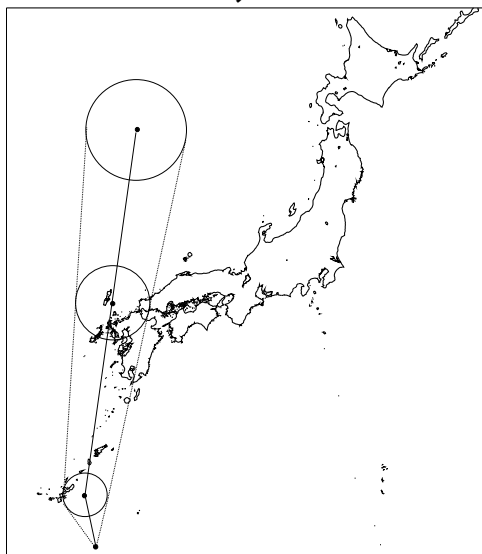
問1 次の(1)～(4)の対話と質問を聞き、その答えとして適切なものをそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。対話と質問は1度しか放送されません。

- (1) ア At a hospital.  
イ At a bank.  
ウ At school.  
エ At home.

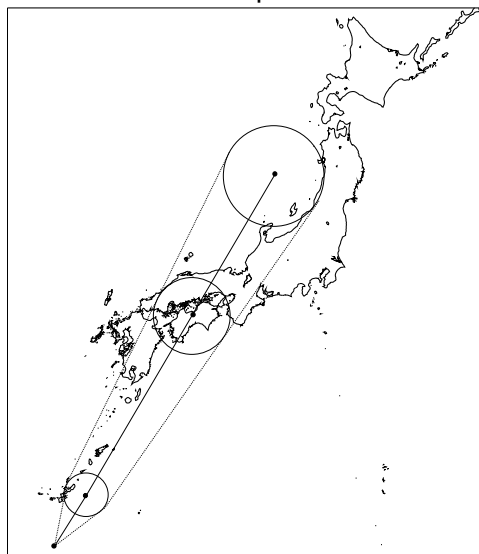
- (2) ア At 8:30.  
イ At 9:00.  
ウ At 9:40.  
エ At 11:40.

(3)

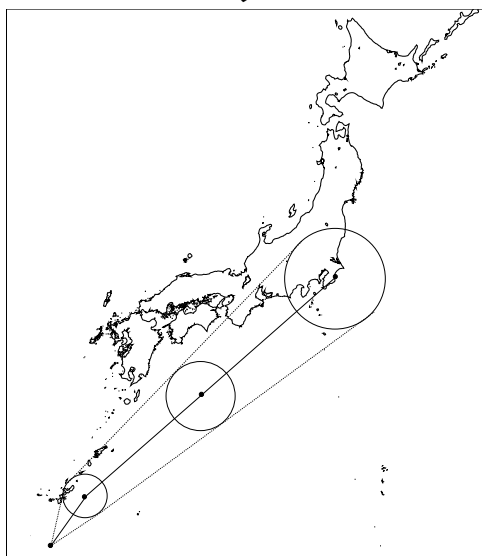
ア



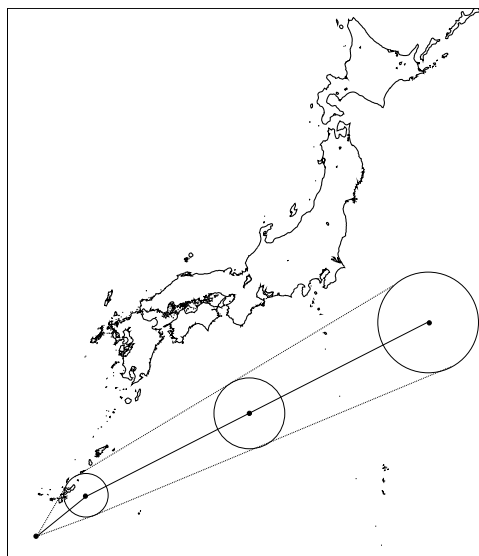
イ



ウ

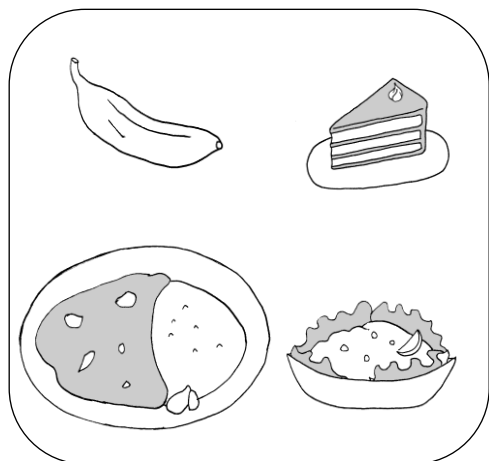


エ

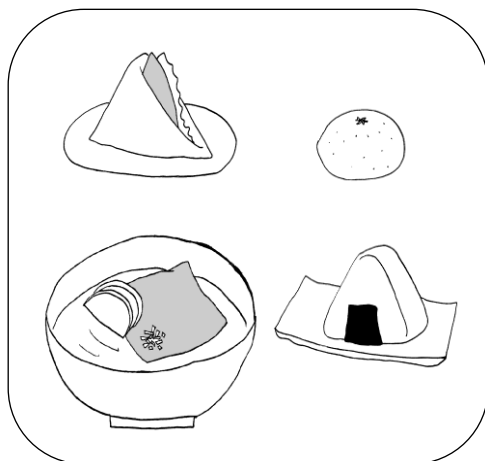


(4)

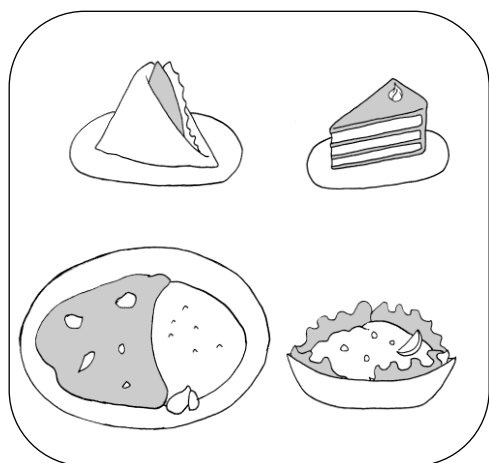
ア



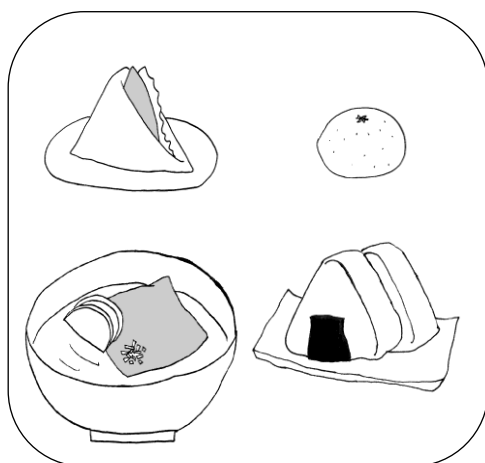
イ



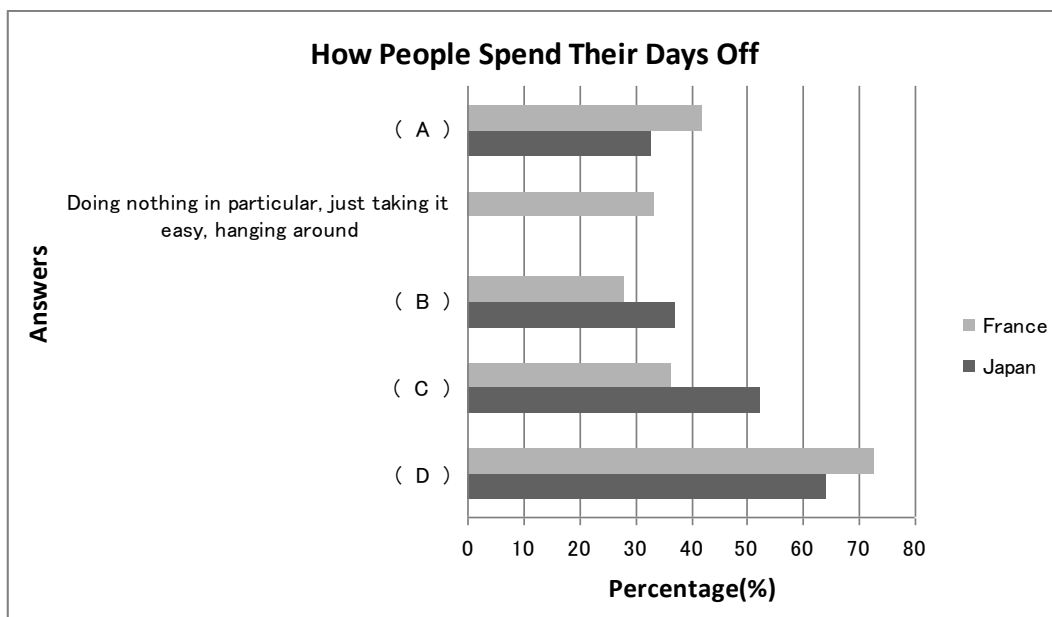
ウ



エ



問2 次の図表は、日本とフランスにおける「休日の過ごし方」についての調査結果の一部です。英文と(1)～(3)の質問を聞き、その答えとして適切なものをそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。なお、英文と質問は2度放送されます。



内閣府政策統括官「第8回世界青年意識調査」より

\*Doing nothing in particular, just taking it easy, hanging around

特に何もせず、ぶらぶらしたり、ねころがっている

(1) ア ( A )      イ ( B )      ウ ( C )      エ ( D )

(2) ア 13.9%      イ 32.9%      ウ 42%      エ 42.9%

(3) ア Watching television

イ Shopping

ウ Reading books and listening to music

エ Relaxing

問3 真理と ALT のブラウン先生が話をしています。その対話の内容と一致するように、次の英文の下線部①～④の( )内に、それぞれ適切な語を1語ずつ入れなさい。対話は1度しか放送されません。

Mari is going to visit Canada during the ①( ) ( ) and stay in Vancouver for ②( ) weeks. She would like to enjoy ③( ) a bike around the city of Vancouver. She also wants to visit the Rocky Mountains, because she has ④( ) ( ) there.

このページに問題はありません。

2 [            ]内の語を並べかえ、日本語に合う英文を完成させる時、不足している1語があります。その語と、それが何番目に入るかを答えなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字で示してあります。

問1 昨日だれがぼくの犬の世話をしてくれたのですか。

[ my / dog / care / who / of ] yesterday?

問2 そんな難しい質問にはだれも答えられませんでした。

[ could / answer / a / one / difficult / no / question ].

問3 私のとなりに座っていた男の人が私に話しかけてきました。

[ me / the / talked / man / to / next / sitting / me / was / to ].

問4 何か冷たい飲み物はいかがですか。

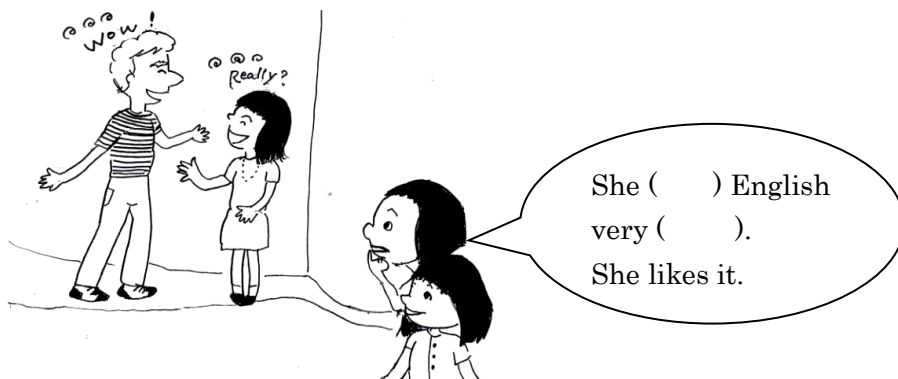
[ like / drink / cold / would / something / you ]?

問5 私にはどうしてあなたが私に怒っているのかわかりません。

[ me / I / angry / know / are / don't / you / with ].

3 次の絵に合うように、吹き出しの中の英文をそれぞれ完成させなさい。ただし、(        )内には1語ずつ入ります。

問1

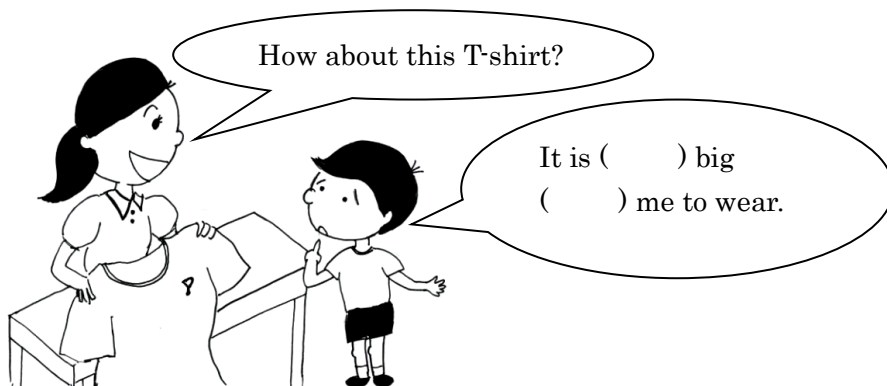


問2

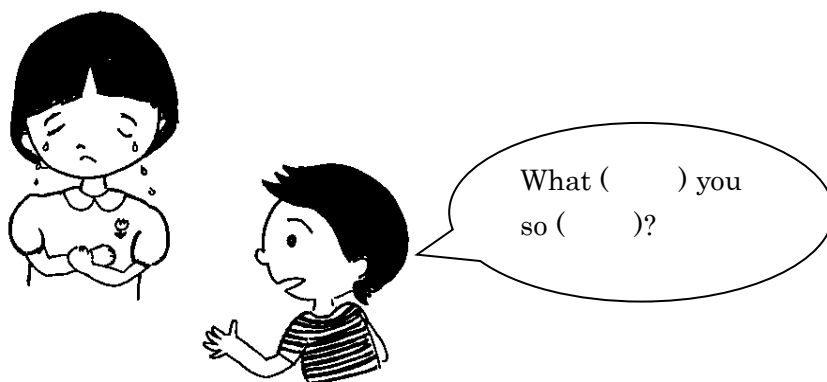


Excuse me,  
( ) talk in the ( ).

問3



問4



4 次の質問に、主語と動詞のある5語以上の英語1文で答えなさい。

問1 What is your future dream?

問2 (問1の答えに対して) Why?



5 次の英文を読んで、後の問いに答えなさい。

When you work somewhere for a long time, you sometimes see some unusual things. George worked at the reception desk of a small hotel in Philadelphia.

①He still has a strange feeling when he remembers the events of that night.

It was stormy, rainy and windy. The hotel which George worked at wasn't like the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel—the finest hotel in America—that night it was full of people ②(try) to get out of the storm. There was no room for even one more person.

An old couple opened the door and entered the lobby ③then.

“Could you give us a room here?” The old man asked. George said that the hotel was full. It was raining hard. George said to himself, “What are they going to do outside in the rain?” and ④he knew that he had to do something. So he said to them, “You came all the way to our hotel in this heavy rain. I can't send you back out there. Will you sleep in my room? It's not a good room, but I'm sure you can have a good night's sleep.”

For a second, the couple's faces \*lit up, but they soon remembered their \*modesty. “No, we can't,” they answered quickly. But when they saw the young man's bright smile, they decided to accept his offer.

“Don't worry about me. I can sleep anywhere.”

The next morning, the couple came up to the reception desk with happy looks on their faces.

“Did you sleep well?” asked George.

The old man answered, “You're a good hotel clerk. You're ⑤( good ) than any clerk at any good hotel. Someday I'll build one of the best hotels in the United States for you, and ⑥( ) ( ) ( A ) ( ) ( B ) ( ) ( ).”

The people around them laughed when they heard the old man's talk. But modest George took the old man's warm words to heart. He nodded with a smile and said goodbye to the couple. He didn't expect to see them again.

Two years passed. George was still working hard at a small hotel in Philadelphia. He almost forgot that stormy night.

Then one day, he received a letter from the old man. It simply said, “Come and visit me in New York,” and there was \*a round-trip ticket inside the letter. \*Half believing, half doubting, George got on the train to New York.

In New York, the old man welcomed George with the same warm smile, and then they went to the corner of Fifth Avenue and 34<sup>th</sup> Street.

“Look at that building,” the old man said and pointed to a big, new building. George looked at the great building. It was ⑦( beautiful ) of all the other buildings. “That,” said the old man, “is the hotel you are going to manage, and I built this hotel just for you.”

George was very happy. He just offered his room to the old couple that stormy night. And now two years later, he gets a hotel! “You must be joking,” George said.

The old man with a kind smile was the rich William Waldorf Astor—and he was not joking.

(出典：『泣ける英語』 デイビッド・セイン 一部改変)

\*lit up 輝いた      \*modesty 遠慮, 慎み      \*round-trip ticket 往復切符  
\*half-believing, half-doubting 半信半疑で

問1 下線部①の和訳として適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア 彼はいつあの夜の事を思い出すのかと、まだ不思議な気持ちである。
- イ 彼が不思議な気持ちになる時、今でもあの夜の事を思い出す。
- ウ 彼はあの夜の事を思い出すと、今でも不思議な気持ちになる。
- エ 彼が不思議な気持ちになるのは、あの夜の出来事をまだ覚えているからだ。

問2 下線部②⑤⑦をそれぞれ適切な形にしなさい。

問3 下線部③の時のホテルの状況として、適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア ホテルは混雑していたが、もう一人だけ受け入れる余裕があった。
- イ ホテルは沢山の人で混雑し、だれ一人受け入れる余裕はなかった。
- ウ 多くの人がホテルから嵐の中へ出て行ったので、部屋には余裕があった。
- エ ホテルは混んでいたが、一人でも多く入れようとしていた。

問4 下線部④について、ジョージは年配の夫婦に対して何をしたのか、適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア 自分の部屋は十分に広いので、一緒に泊まってもらった。
- イ 空いた部屋が一つあったので、そこに泊まってもらった。
- ウ 2人を外に追い出さずに、自分の部屋を提供した。
- エ 2人に別のホテルを紹介し、そこに泊まってもらった。

問5 下線部⑥について、以下の[ ]内の語(句)を並べかえ、日本語の意味になる英文を完成させなさい。解答欄には、( A )と( B )に入る語をそれぞれ答えなさい。

「私はあなたにそのホテルのマネージャーになってほしい」

[ be / want / hotel manager / to / you / the / I ]

問6 次のA～Eの英文を、本文の話の流れに合うように並べかえなさい。その答えとして適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- A The old couple was very happy, because George offered his room to them.
- B The old man pointed to a big, new building and said, “I built this hotel for you.”
- C On a stormy night, an old couple entered a hotel, but the hotel was full of people.
- D Two years later, George was invited to New York by the old man.
- E George worked at the reception desk then. He didn't send the old couple out.

ア E→C→A→D→B

イ E→C→D→A→B

ウ C→A→D→E→B

エ C→E→A→D→B

オ A→E→C→B→D

このページに問題はありません。

6 次の英文を読んで、後の問いに答えなさい。

Some things in Japan are changing all the time, and other things have been the same ①( ) hundreds of years! So what is Japan's future?

One big change coming to Japan is with its people. The number of people in Japan is getting smaller, because people are having smaller families. Women are working longer and having children later, so their families are smaller.

There are also more old people in Japan today. More than 20 percent of Japanese people are older than 65, because people now live much longer. In the past, women always ②(help) the old people in their family, but more women work now. So who is going to help these old people, and where is the money going to come from? These are big questions for Japan today. But perhaps the old people have the answer. Because they eat well and have good doctors and hospitals, old Japanese people often stay well for a very long time. So perhaps ③(work) longer, into their 70s or 80s, is the future for old people.

Japan's \*industries are changing, too. In the 1990s, countries like China and Korea began to make \*electronic goods very \*cheaply. Many countries got their electronic goods from these countries, not from Japan. So now, Japan does not make many of these goods. Japan makes more \*'one of a kind' goods, for example, the very best cameras, and \*amazing computer games. Japan also has half of the world's robots. Robots are becoming more and more important in the modern world, and again, Japan is in front here.

With more and more cars in Japan, many cities have bad air pollution. Japan is working with other countries around the world to fight air pollution. Japan's car industry is working hard on ④(this); some of their new small cars use electricity, and Japanese people are thinking of other ideas for the future.

There is also the question of nuclear power. Before 2011, about 25 percent of Japan's electricity came from nuclear power. Japan wanted to have more nuclear power stations. But the earthquake and tsunami of 2011 destroyed part of a nuclear power station near Sendai, so it was not safe. More than 80,000 people had to leave their homes. Now many people are afraid ⑤( ) nuclear power.

⑥So ( ) ( ) ( A ) ( ) ( ) ( B ) ( ) ( ) the future? Like many other countries, Japan is now looking at things like the sun and the wind ⑦(do) this.

Japan of course has many exciting new ideas. The people of ⑧(this amazing country), with their wonderful \*ancient culture, are often the first to take the world into the future.

(出典 : OXFORD BOOKWORMS Japan 一部改変)

\*industry 産業      \*electronic goods 電子機器      \*cheaply 安く  
\*‘one of a kind’ goods (日本) 独自の製品      \*amazing 驚くべき  
\*ancient 古代の

問1 下線部①⑤に入る適切な語をそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア from      イ for      ウ in      エ of

問2 日本の高齢者について、There are で始まる本文の第3段落の内容と一致しないものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア 日本の65才以上の人口は全体の5分の1を超えている。
- イ 今日では70代、80代でも働いている高齢者が多い。
- ウ 高齢者の中には、食や医療に恵まれ、元気に生活している人も多い。
- エ 今日、働く女性が増え、家庭でだれが高齢者を世話するかが問題になっている。

問3 下線部②③⑦をそれぞれ適切な形にきなさい。

問4 下線部④⑧が指すものをそれぞれ漢字で答えなさい。

問5 下線部⑥について、以下の[            ]内の語(句)を意味の通る文になるよう並べかえ、英文を完成させなさい。解答欄には、( A )と( B )に入る語(句)をそれぞれ答えなさい。

[ Japan / in / how / make / is / to / its electricity / going ]

問6 次の英文のうち本文の内容と一致するものを2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア The number of people in Japan is getting smaller because there are smaller families these days.
- イ Cheap electronic goods are not important in Japan’s industries now.
- ウ Japan’s car industry is thinking only of electric cars to stop air pollution.
- エ Before the earthquake and tsunami of 2011, more than half of Japan’s electricity came from nuclear power.
- オ Everything in Japan is changing, so it is difficult for Japanese people to keep their ancient culture.

7 はるみと留学生のエミリーが、Baobab Festival のポスターを見ながら話をしています。次の対話文を読んで、後の問いに答えなさい。

*Harumi* : Emily, look at the poster over there. It looks interesting.

*Emily* : Yes, it says the Baobab Festival in Sakuramachi Park is coming soon.

*Harumi* : When I read the book, “Little Prince,” a few years ago, I came to know baobab through the story. Since then ①( ) it. Do you know baobab?

*Emily* : It’s the name of a huge tree, isn’t it?

*Harumi* : That’s right.

*Emily* : Where can I find the tree?

*Harumi* : Well, it is found in the \*savannahs of Africa. It can ②( ) up to 25 meters tall and can ③( ) for more than a thousand years.

*Emily* : A thousand years? Wow!

*Harumi* : It’s a very special tree. It can be used as food and medicine. Baobab’s \*bark, leaves, fruit and \*trunk are all used. Its fruit is called “Monkey Bread” because monkeys love to eat it. It has much more vitamin C than a lemon.

*Emily* : That means it has a lot of vitamin C.

*Harumi* : Yes. It’s a very useful tree and it has helped the lives of African people a lot.

*Emily* : I didn’t know that. Well, ④( )( A )( )( )( B )( )( ) baobab and the lives of African people at the festival. We can watch it both on Saturday and Sunday. Now I understand why the title of the movie is ⑤“( )”.

*Harumi* : And the poster also says there will be an African music concert on Sunday evening. I want to watch the movie and listen to the concert. ⑥( )

*Emily* : Yes, let’s. It should be a lot of fun. The \*entrance fee for the concert will be used for helping children in Africa. Isn’t it wonderful?

*Harumi* : Yes, it is. The festival will be held at Sakuramachi Park between 9:00 in the morning and 8:00 in the evening. We can get on a bus from Midorigaoka Station. ⑦( ) takes ( )( )( )( ) bus from the station to the park.

*Emily* : I see. The African music concert will start at 6:00 p.m. We can watch the movie before the concert begins. The movie will be shown

at 11:00 in the morning, 2:00 and 4:00 in the afternoon. So, let's take a bus at Midorigaoka Station at around 3:00.

*Harumi* : OK. I hope it will be sunny next weekend.

*Emily* : I hope so, too. I can't wait!

\*savannah サバンナ      \*bark (木の)皮      \*trunk (木の)幹  
\*entrance fee 入場料

問1 下線部①⑥に入る語句として適切なものをそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ① ア I have seen  
イ I have used  
ウ I have been interested in  
エ I have been good at
- ⑥ ア Why don't you go there?  
イ Shall we go there?  
ウ Shall I go there?  
エ Will you go there?

問2 下線部②③に入る適切な語をそれぞれ1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア keep      イ live      ウ grow      エ stay

問3 下線部④について、以下の[            ]内の語を並べかえ、日本語の意味になる英文を完成させなさい。解答欄には、( A )と( B )に入る語をそれぞれ答えなさい。「そのフェスティバルでは、バオバブとアフリカの人々の生活についての映画が上映されるよ。」

[ about / they / to / us / show / going / a movie / are ]

問4 下線部⑤に入る映画のタイトルとして適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア The Tree of Light  
イ The Tree of Life  
ウ The Tree of Fruit  
エ The Tree of Festival



問5 下線部⑦が「バスで行くと10分かかります」という意味になるように、( )  
内に適切な語を1語ずつ入れなさい。

問6 本文の内容と一致するように、次の英文の( )内に適切な語を1語ずつ入れ  
なさい。

ア Harumi and Emily are going to go to the festival on ( ).

イ A lemon has ( ) vitamin C than the fruit of baobab.

ウ The movie will be shown ( )( ) a day.

このページに問題はありません。